G08ACF - NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

Note. Before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of bold italicised terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

G08ACF performs the Median test on two independent samples of possibly unequal size.

2 Specification

3 Description

The Median test investigates the difference between the medians of two independent samples of sizes n_1 and n_2 , denoted by:

$$x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_{n_1}$$

and

$$x_{n_1+1}, x_{n_1+2}, \dots, x_n, n = n_1 + n_2.$$

The hypothesis under test, H_0 , often called the null hypothesis, is that the medians are the same, and this is to be tested against the alternative hypothesis H_1 that they are different.

The test proceeds by forming a 2×2 frequency table, giving the number of scores in each sample above and below the median of the pooled sample:

	Sample 1	Sample 2	Total
$Scores \leq pooled median$	i_1	i_2	i_1+i_2
Scores \geq pooled median	$n_1 - i_1$	$n_2 - i_2$	$n - (i_1 + i_2)$
Total	$n_{\cdot 1}$	n_{\circ}	n

Under the null hypothesis, H_0 , we would expect about half of each group's scores to be above the pooled median and about half below, that is we would expect i, to be about $n_1/2$ and i_2 to be about $n_2/2$.

G08ACF returns:

- (a) The frequencies i_1 and i_2 ;
- (b) The probability, p, of observing a table at least as 'extreme' as that actually observed, given that H_0 is true. If n < 40, p is computed directly ('Fisher's exact test'); otherwise a χ_1^2 approximation is used (see G01AFF).

 H_0 is rejected by a test of chosen size α if $p < \alpha$.

f 4 References

[1] Siegel S (1956) Non-parametric Statistics for the Behavioral Sciences McGraw-Hill

5 Parameters

1: X(N) — real array

On entry: the first n_1 elements of X must be set to the data values in the first sample, and the next n_2 (= N - n_1) elements to the data values in the second sample.

2: N — INTEGER Input

On entry: the total of the two sample sizes, $n (= n_1 + n_2)$.

Constraint: $N \geq 2$.

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3: N1 — INTEGER Input

On entry: the size of the first sample n_1 .

Constraint: $1 \leq N1 < N$.

4: W(N) — real array Workspace

5: I1 — INTEGER Output

On exit: the number of scores in the first sample which lie below the pooled median, i_1 .

6: I2 — INTEGER Output

On exit: the number of scores in the second sample which lie below the pooled median, i_2 .

7: P-real Output

On exit: the tail probability p corresponding to the observed dichotomy of the two samples.

8: IFAIL — INTEGER Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. For users not familiar with this parameter (described in Chapter P01) the recommended value is 0.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, N < 2.

IFAIL = 2

On entry, N1 < 1, or $N1 \ge N$.

7 Accuracy

The probability returned should be accurate enough for practical use.

8 Further Comments

The time taken by the routine is small, and increases with n.

9 Example

This example is taken from page 112 of Siegel [1]. The data relate to scores of 'oral socialisation anxiety' in 39 societies, which can be separated into groups of size 16 and 23 on the basis of their attitudes to illness.

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9.1 Program Text

Note. The listing of the example program presented below uses bold italicised terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
GOSACF Example Program Text
      Mark 14 Revised. NAG Copyright 1989.
      .. Parameters ..
      INTEGER
      PARAMETER
                       (N=39)
      INTEGER
                       NIN, NOUT
      PARAMETER
                       (NIN=5, NOUT=6)
      .. Local Scalars ..
      real
                       Р
      INTEGER
                       I, I1, I2, IFAIL, N1
      .. Local Arrays ..
      real
                       W1(N), X(N)
      .. External Subroutines ..
      EXTERNAL
                       G08ACF
      .. Executable Statements ..
      WRITE (NOUT,*) 'GO8ACF Example Program Results'
      Skip heading in data file
      READ (NIN,*)
      READ (NIN,*) (X(I),I=1,N)
      N1 = 16
      WRITE (NOUT,*)
      WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Median test'
      WRITE (NOUT, *)
      WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Data values'
      WRITE (NOUT,*)
      WRITE (NOUT, 99999) '
                              Group 1 ', (X(I), I=1, N1)
      WRITE (NOUT,*)
                              Group 2 ', (X(I),I=N1+1,N)
      WRITE (NOUT, 99999) '
      IFAIL = 0
      CALL GO8ACF(X,N,N1,W1,I1,I2,P,IFAIL)
      WRITE (NOUT,*)
      WRITE (NOUT, 99998) I1, 'scores below median in group 1'
      WRITE (NOUT,99998) I2, 'scores below median in group 2'
      WRITE (NOUT,*)
      WRITE (NOUT, 99997) '
                               Significance ', P
      STOP
99999 FORMAT (1X,A,8F4.0,/(14X,8F4.0))
99998 FORMAT (1X,16,A)
99997 FORMAT (1X,A,F8.5)
      END
```

9.2 Program Data

```
GO8ACF Example Program Data
13 6 12 7 12 7 10 7 10 7 10 7 10 8 9 8
17 6 16 8 15 8 15 10 15 10 14 10 14 11 14 11
13 12 13 12 13 12 12
```

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9.3 Program Results

```
GOSACF Example Program Results
```

Median test

Data values

```
Group 1 13. 6. 12. 7. 12. 7. 10. 7. 10. 7. 10. 7. 10. 7. 10. 7. 10. 8. 9. 8.

Group 2 17. 6. 16. 8. 15. 8. 15. 10. 15. 10. 14. 10. 14. 11. 14. 11. 13. 12. 13. 12. 13. 12. 12.
```

6 scores below median in group 2

Significance 0.00088

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